This brief provides a general overview of the **Safety Data Sheet** requirements in the Hazard Communication Standard OSHA's 29 CFR 1910.1200(g) and Appendix D of 29 CFR 1910.1200).

Section 1 ~ Identification					
Identity (As Used On Label and List)	Date Prepared:				
A1255 ELIMINATOR DREAMSICLE	11-15-2016				
Company Information:	Emergency Telephone Number:				
OMEGA INDUSTRIAL SUPPLY, INC	1-800-424-9300				
Address (Number, Street, Suite/Apt#)	Telephone Number for Information:				
101 Grobric Ct #1	1-800-571-7347				
(City, State, and Zip Code)	Signature of Prepare (Optional)				
Fairfield, CA 94534	REGULATORY DEPT.				

Section 2 ~ Hazard(s) Identification

Classifications Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure (Narcotic Effects) - Category 3

Eye Irritation - Category 2A Aerosols Category 1

Pictograms Signal Word: Danger

Hazard Statements – Physical H222 - Extremely flammable aerosol

H229 - Pressurized container: May burst if heated
Hazard Statements - Health H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness

H319 - Causes serious eye irritation

Precautionary Statements - General P101 - If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

P102 - Keep out of reach of children.

P103 - Read label before use.

Precautionary Statements - Prevention P264 - Wash thoroughly after handling.

P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

P211 - Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.

P251 - Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

Precautionary Statements - Response P304 + P340 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

P312 - Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue

rinsing.

P337 + P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

Precautionary Statements – Storage P403 + P405 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Store locked up. P410 + P412 - Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/122 °F.

Precautionary Statements - Disposal P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

Section 3 ~ Composition/Information on Ingredients

Chemical Name	CAS No.	%(Wt.)
Acetone	67-64-1	55 – 75 %
Propane	74-98-6	10 – 20%
Butane	106-97-8	5 – 15%
Triethylene Glycol Monobutyl Ether	143-22-6	1.0 – 3%
The specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage (concentration) of composition	on has been withheld to protect confidentiality.	

Section 4 ~ First Aid Measures

Inhalation: Remove source of exposure or move person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If exposed/feel unwell/concerned: Call a POISON CENTER/doctor. Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so.

Eye Contact: Remove source of exposure or move person to fresh air. Rinse eyes cautiously with lukewarm, gently flowing water for several minutes, while holding the eyelids open. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing for a duration of 15-20 minutes. Take care not to rinse contaminated water into the unaffected eye or onto the face. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

Skin Contact: Take off immediately all contaminated clothing, shoes and leather goods (e.g. watchbands, belts). Gently blot or brush away excess product. Wash with plenty of lukewarm, gently flowing water for a duration of 15-20 minutes. Call a POISON CENTER/doctor if you feel unwell. Store contaminated clothing under water and wash before reuse or discard.

Ingestion: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor. If vomiting occurs naturally, lie on your side, in the recovery position. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious or convulsing victim. Keep person warm and quiet.

Section 5 ~ Fire Fighting Measures

Suitable Extinguishing Media: Use water, fog, dry chemical, or carbon dioxide. Carbon dioxide can displace oxygen. Use caution when applying carbon dioxide in confined spaces. Simultaneous use of foam and water on the same surface is to be avoided as water destroys the foam.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media: Water may be ineffective but can be used to cool containers exposed to heat or flame.

Specific Hazards in Case of Fire: Contents under pressure. Keep away from ignition sources and open flames. Exposure of containers to extreme heat and flames can cause them to rupture often with violent force. Aerosol cans may rupture when heated. Heated cans may burst. In fire, will decompose to carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide

Fire-Fighting Procedures: Isolate immediate hazard area and keep unauthorized personnel out. Stop spill/release if it can be done safely. Move undamaged containers from immediate hazard area if it can be done safely. Water spray may be useful in minimizing or dispersing vapors and to protect personnel. Dispose of fire debris and contaminated extinguishing water in accordance with official regulations.

Special Protective Actions: Wear protective pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and full turnout gear. Care should always be exercised in dust/mist areas.

Section 6 ~ Accidental Release Measures

Emergency Procedure: Flammable/combustible material. ELIMINATE all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Stay upwind; keep out of low areas. Immediately turn off or isolate any source of ignition. Keep unnecessary people away; isolate hazard area and deny entry. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Clean up immediately. Use absorbent sweeping compound to soak up material and put into suitable container for proper disposal.

Recommended Equipment: Wear safety glasses and gloves.

Personal Precautions: ELIMINATE all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Use explosion proof equipment. Avoid breathing vapor. Avoid contact with skin, eye or clothing. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled materials unless wearing appropriate protective clothing.

Environmental Precautions: Stop spill/release if it can be done safely. Prevent spilled material from entering sewers, storm drains, other unauthorized drainage systems and natural waterways by using sand, earth, or other appropriate barriers.

Section 7 ~ Handling and Storage

General: For industrial and institutional use only. For use by trained personnel only. Keep away from children. Wash hands after use. Do not get in eyes, on skin or on clothing. Do not breathe vapors or mists. Use good personal hygiene practices. Eating, drinking and smoking in work areas is prohibited. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Eyewash stations and showers should be available in areas where this material is used and stored.

Ventilation Requirements: Use only with adequate ventilation to control air contaminants to their exposure limits. The use of local ventilation is recommended to control emissions near the

Storage Room Requirements: Keep container(s) tightly closed and properly labeled. Store in cool, dry, well-ventilated areas away from heat, direct sunlight and incompatibilities. Store in approved containers and protect against physical damage. Keep containers securely sealed when not in use. Indoor storage should meet OSHA standards and appropriate fire codes. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed to prevent leakage. Empty container retain residue and may be dangerous. Do not cut, drill, grind, weld, or perform similar operations on or near containers. Do not pressurize containers to empty them. Ground all structures, transfer containers and equipment to conform to the national electrical code. Use procedures that prevent static electrical sparks. Static electricity may accumulate and create a fire hazard. Store at temperatures below 120°F.

Section 8 ~ Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

Eye Protection: Chemical goggles, safety glasses with side shields or vented/splash proof goggles. Contact lenses may absorb irritants. Particles may adhere to lenses and cause corneal damage

Skin Protection: Wear gloves, long sleeved shirt, long pants and other protective clothing as required to minimize skin contact. Use of gloves approved to relevant standards made from the following materials may provide suitable chemical protection: PVC, neoprene or nitrile rubber gloves. Suitability and durability of a glove is dependent on usage, e.g. frequency and duration of contact, chemical resistance of glove material, glove thickness, dexterity. Always seek advice from glove suppliers. Contaminated gloves should be replaced. Chemical-resistant clothing is recommended to avoid prolonged contact. Avoid unnecessary skin contact.

Respiratory Protection: If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations to a level which is adequate to protect worker, a respiratory protection program that meets or is equivalent to OSHA 29 CFR 1910.134 and ANSI Z88.2 should be followed. Check with respiratory protective equipment suppliers. Where air-filtering respirators are suitable, select an appropriate combination of mask and filter. Select a filter suitable for combined particulate/organic gases and vapors. When spraying more than one half can continuously or more than one can consecutively, use NIOSH approved respirator.

Appropriate Engineering Controls: Provide exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep the airborne concentrations of vapors below their respective threshold limit value.

Chemical Name	OSHA	OSHA	OSHA	OSHA	OSHA	OSHA	OSHA Skin	NIOSH	NIOSH	NIOSH	NIOSH	NIOSH
	TWA	TWA	STEL	STEL	Tables-	Carcinogen	Designation	TWA	TWA	STEL	STEL	Carcinogen
	(ppm)	(mg/m3)	(ppm)	(mg/m3)	Z1,2,3,	_		(ppm)	(mg/m3)	(ppm)	(mg/m3)	_
Acetone	1000	2400			1			250	590			
Butane								800	1900			
Propane	1000	1800			1			1000	1800			

Chemical Name	ACGIH TWA (ppm)	ACGIH TWA (mg/m3)	ACGIH STEL (ppm)	ACGIH STEL (mg/m3)
Acetone	250		500	
Butane	1000			
Propane	See Appendix F: Minimal Oxygen Content			

Section 9 ~ Physical Chemical Properties

Density: 5.87405 lb/gal Odor Description: Citrus Creme Density VOC: 1.70348 lb/gal pH: N.A.

VOC Regulatory: 1.70348 lb/gal Water Solubility: Partial Flammability: Flashpoint below 73 °F VOC Regulatory: 204.12742 g/l % VOC: 24.50000% Flash Point Symbol: N.A.

VOC Actual: 204.12742 g/l Flash Point: -4 °F. VOC Actual: 1.70348 lb/gal Viscosity: N.A. Appearance: Clear, colorless Lower Explosion Level: N.A.

Odor Threshold: N.A Upper Explosion Level: N.A. Vapor Density: Slower than ether

Melting Point: N.A. Freezing Point: N.A. Low Boiling Point: N.A. High Boiling Point: N.A. **Decomposition Pt:** N.A. Auto Ignition Temp: N.A.

Evaporation Rate: Slower than ether

Section 10 ~ Stability and Reactivity

Stability: Stable.

Conditions to Avoid: High temperatures. Incompatible Materials: None known.

 ${\bf Hazardous\ Reactions/Polymerization:\ Will\ not\ occur.}$

Hazardous Decomposition Products: In fire, will decompose to carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide

Section 11 ~ Toxicological Information

Skin Corrosion/Irritation: Overexposure will cause defatting of skin.

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation: Overexposure will cause redness and burning sensation.

Carcinogenicity: No data available

Germ Cell Mutagenicity: No data available Reproductive Toxicity: No data available Respiratory/Skin Sensitization: No data available

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure: May cause drowsiness or dizziness

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Repeated Exposure: No data available

Aspiration Hazard: Aspiration hazard if swallowed.

Acute Toxicity: Inhalation: Effect of overexposure includes irritation of respiratory tract, headache, dizziness, nausea, and loss of coordination. Extreme overexposure may result in unconsciousness and possibly death.

Potential Health Effects - Miscellaneous

67-64-1 Acetone

The following medical conditions may be aggravated by exposure: lung disease, eye disorders, skin disorders. Overexposure may cause damage to any of the following organs/systems: blood, central nervous system, eyes, kidneys, liver, respiratory system, skin

Section 12 ~ Ecological Information

Toxicity: No data available

Persistence and Degradability: No data available. Bio-Accumulative Potential: No data available. Mobility in Soil: No data available.

Other Adverse Effects: No data available. **Bio-accumulative Potential**

67-64-1 ACETONE Does not bioaccumulate Persistence and Degradability

67-64-1 ACETONE

91% readily biodegradable, Method: OECD Test Guideline 301B

Section 13 ~ Disposal Considerations

Water Disposal: Under RCRA, it is the responsibility of the user of the product, to determine at the time of disposal whether the product meets RCRA criteria for hazardous waste. Waste management should be in full compliance with federal, state, and local laws. Empty containers retain product residue which may exhibit hazards of material, therefore do not pressurize, cut, glaze, weld or use for any other purposes. Return drums to reclamation centers for proper cleaning and reuse.

Section 14 ~ Transport Information

Section 15 ~ Regulatory Information

CAS	Chemical Name	% By Weight	Regulation List
67-64-1	Acetone	55 – 75 %	CERCLA, SARA312, TSCA, RCRA, ACGIH, OSHA
74-98-6	Propane	10 - 20%	SARA312, TSCA, ACGIH, OSHA
106-97-8	Butane	5 – 15%	SARA312, TSCA, ACGIH
143-22-6	Triethylene Glycol Monobutyl Ether	1.0 - 3%	SARA313, CERCLA, SARA312, TSCA

Section 16 ~ Other Information

Glossary: * There are points of differences between OSHA GHS and UN GHS. In 90% of the categories, they can be used interchangeably, but for the Skin Corrosion/Irritant Category and the Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Single and Repeated Exposure) Categories. In these cases, our system will say UN GHS. ACGIH- American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists; ANSI- American National Standards Institute; Canadian TDG Canadian Transportation of Dangerous Goods; CAS- Chemical Abstract Service; Chemtrec- Chemical Transportation Emergency Center (US); CHIP- Chemical Hazard Information and Packaging; DSL- Domestic Substances List; EC- Equivalent Concentration; EH40 (UK)- HSE Guidance Note EH40 Occupational Exposure Limits; EPCRA- Emergency Planning and Community Right-To-Know Act; ESL- Effects screening levels; HMIS- Hazardous Material Information Service; LC- Lethal Concentration; LD- Lethal Dose; NFPA- National Fire Protection Association; OEL- Occupational Exposure Limits; OSHA- Occupational Safety and Health Administration, US Department of Labor; PEL- Permissible Exposure Limit; SARA (Title III)- Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act; SARA 313- Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act, Section 313; SCBA- Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus; STEL- Short Term Exposure Limit; TCEQ - Texas Commission on Environmental Quality; TLV- Threshold Limit Value; TSCA- Toxic Substances Control Act Public Law 94-469; TWA - Time Weighted Value; US DOT- US Department of Transportation; WHMIS- Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System.

	NFPA	HMIS	Key
HEALTH	1	1	4= Severe
FLAMMABILITY	3	3	3= Serious
REACTIVITY	0	0	2= Moderate
OTHER/PROTECTION	-	В	1= Slight
			0= Minimal

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