This brief provides a general overview of the **Safety Data Sheet** requirements in the Hazard Communication Standard OSHA's 29 CFR 1910.1200(g) and Appendix D of 29 CFR 1910.1200).

Section 1 ~ Identification

Identity (As Used On Label and List) **B5197 ALWAYS SHINE OB WIPES**	**Date Prepared:** 08-20-2024
Company Information: OMEGA INDUSTRIAL SUPPLY, INC	**Emergency Telephone Number:** 1-800-424-9300
Address (Number, Street, Suite/Apt#) 1133 WEST 27TH STREET	**Telephone Number for Information:** 1-800-571-7347
(City, State, and Zip Code) CHEYENNE, WY 82001	**Signature of Prepare (Optional)** REGULATORY DEPT.

Section 2 ~ Hazard(s) Identification

Classifications Aspiration Hazard - Category 1
Flammable Liquids - Category 4
Skin Irritation - Category 2
Specific Target Organ Toxicity -Single Exposure (Narcotic Effects) - Category 3

Pictograms

Signal Word: Danger.

Hazard Statements – Physical H227 - Combustible Liquid

Hazard Statements – Health H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways
H315 - Causes skin irritation
H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness

Precautionary Statement – General P101 - If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.
P102 - Keep out of reach of children.
P103 - Read label before use.

Precautionary Statement – Prevention P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
P280 - Wear protective gloves, eye protection and face protection.
P264 - Wash hands thoroughly after handling.
P261 - Avoid breathing mist or vapors.
P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
P233 - Keep container tightly closed.

Precautionary Statement – Response P301 + P310 - IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.
P331 - Do NOT induce vomiting.
P370 + P378 - In case of fire: Use water fog, dry chemical or carbon dioxide to extinguish.
P302 + P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.
P332 + P313 - If skin irritation occurs: Get medical attention.
P362 + P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
P304 + P340 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
P312 - Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell.

Precautionary Statement – Storage P235 - Keep cool.
P403 + P405 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Store locked up.

Precautionary Statement – Disposal P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with local, regional, national and international regulations.

Section 3 ~ Composition/Information on Ingredients

Chemical Name	CAS No.	%(Wt.)
ISOPARAFFINIC PETROLEUM DISTILLATE	64742-47-8	50 – 75%
Mineral Oil	8042-47-5	15 – 30%
d-Limonene	94266-47-4	0.1 – 3%

Specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage (concentration) of the composition has been withheld to protect confidentiality.

Section 4 ~ First Aid Measures

Inhalation: Remove source of exposure or move person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If breathing is difficult, trained personnel should administer emergency oxygen if advised to do so by the POISON CENTER/doctor. If breathing has stopped, trained personnel should begin rescue breathing or, if the heart has stopped, immediately start cardiopulmonary resuscitation (CPR) or automated external defibrillation (AED). If you feel unwell/If concerned: Get medical advice/attention.
Eye Contact: Rinse eyes cautiously with lukewarm, gently flowing water for 15 minutes, while holding the eyelids open. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Take care not to rinse contaminated water into the unaffected eye or onto the face. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.
Skin Contact: Wipe off with a towel. Wash with soap and water. Get medical attention if irritation persists.
Ingestion: Rinse mouth. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. Do NOT induce vomiting unless under the advice of doctor or POISON CENTER. Note: Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious or convulsing victim. Keep person warm and quiet.
Most Important Symptoms/Effects, Acute and Delayed: No data available.
Indication of Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment Needed: No data available.

Section 5 ~ Fire Fighting Measures

Suitable Extinguishing Media: Dry chemical, foam, carbon dioxide, water spray or fog is recommended. Water spray is recommended to cool or protect exposed materials or structures. Carbon dioxide can displace oxygen. Use caution when applying carbon dioxide in confined spaces. Simultaneous use of foam and water on the same surface is to be avoided as water destroys the foam. Sand or earth may be used for small fires only.
Unsuitable Extinguishing Media: None.
Fire-Fighting Procedures: Isolate immediate hazard area and keep unauthorized personnel out. Stop spill/release if it can be done safely. Move undamaged containers from immediate hazard area if it can be done safely. Water spray may be useful in minimizing or dispersing vapors and to protect personnel. Dispose of fire debris and contaminated extinguishing water in accordance with official regulations.
Special Protective Actions: Wear protective pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and full turnout gear.

Section 6 ~ Accidental Release Measures

Emergency Procedure: Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Isolate hazard area and keep unnecessary people away. Notify authorities if any exposure to the general public or the environment occurs or is likely to occur.
Recommended Equipment: See section 8 for specifics on protective personal equipment (PPE).
Personal Precautions: Avoid breathing vapor. Avoid contact with skin, eye or clothing. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled materials unless wearing appropriate protective clothing.
Environmental Precautions: Stop spill/release if it can be done safely. Prevent spilled material from entering sewers, storm drains, other unauthorized drainage systems and natural waterways by using sand, earth, or other appropriate barriers.
Methods and Materials for Containment and Cleaning up: Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations.

Section 7 ~ Handling and Storage

General: Wash hands after use. Do not get in eyes, on skin or on clothing. Do not breathe vapors or mists. Use good personal hygiene practices. Eating, drinking and smoking in work areas is prohibited. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas.
Ventilation Requirements: Use only with adequate ventilation to control air contaminants to their exposure limits. The use of local ventilation is recommended to control emissions near the source.
Storage Room Requirements: Keep container(s) tightly closed and properly labeled. Store in cool, dry, well-ventilated areas away from heat, direct sunlight and incompatibilities. Store in approved containers and protect against physical damage. Keep containers securely sealed when not in use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed to prevent leakage. Store at temperatures under 120°F. FOR INDUSTRIAL AND INSTITUTIONAL USE ONLY. FOR USE BY TRAINED PERSONNEL ONLY. KEEP FROM FREEZING.

Section 8 ~ Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

Eye Protection: Wear eye protection with side shields or goggles. Wear indirect-vent, impact and splash resistant goggles when working with liquids. If additional protection is needed for entire face, use in combination with a face shield.
Skin Protection: Use of gloves approved to relevant standards made from the following materials may provide suitable chemical protection: PVC, neoprene or nitrile rubber gloves. Suitability and durability of a glove is dependent on usage, e.g. frequency and duration of contact, chemical resistance of glove material, glove thickness, dexterity. Always seek advice from glove suppliers. Contaminated gloves should be replaced. Use of an apron and over- boots of chemically impervious materials such as neoprene or nitrile rubber is recommended to avoid skin sensitization. The type of protective equipment must be selected according to the concentration and amount of the dangerous substance at the specific workplace. Launder soiled clothes or properly disposed of contaminated material, which cannot be decontaminated.
Respiratory Protection: If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations to a level which is adequate to protect worker, a respiratory protection program that meets or is equivalent to OSHA 29 CFR 1910.134 and ANSI Z88.2 should be followed. Check with respiratory protective equipment suppliers. Where air-filtering respirators are suitable, select an appropriate combination of mask and filter.
Appropriate Engineering Controls: Provide exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep the airborne concentrations of vapors below their respective threshold limit value.

Chemical Name	OSHA TWA (mg/m3)	OSHA TWA (ppm)	OSHA STEL (mg/m3)	OSHA STEL (ppm)	OSHA Carcinogen	OSHA Skin Designation	OSHA Tables (Z1, Z2, Z3)	ACGIH TWA (mg/m3)	ACGIH TWA (ppm)	ACGIH STEL (mg/m3)
Isoparaffinic Petroleum Distillate	2000	500					1	[(L)[N159] (L) [N800]]; [5 (I) [N159] 5 (I) [N800]];	(L)[N159] (L)[N800]	
Mineral Oil								[(L)]; [5 (I)];	(L)	

Chemical Name	ACGIH STEL (ppm)	ACGIH Carcinogen	ACGIH TLV Basis	ACGIH Notations	NIOSH TWA (mg/m3)	NIOSH TWA (ppm)	NIOSH STEL (mg/m3)	NIOSH STEL (ppm)	NIOSH Carcinogen
Isoparaffinic Petroleum Distillate		[A2[N159] A2 [N800]]; [A4 [N159] A4 [N800]];	URT irr [N159] URT Irr [N800]	[A2[N159] A2 [N800]]; [A4[N159]A 4[N800]];					
Mineral Oil		[A2]; [A4];	URT irr	[A2]; [A4];					

(L) - Exposure by all routes should be carefully controlled to levels as low as possible, irr - Irritation, URT - Upper respiratory tract

Section 9 ~ Physical and Chemical Properties

Physical and Chemical Properties
Density: 8.345 lb/gal
Density VOC: 5.09 lb/gal
% VOC: 2.00%
Appearance: N.A.
Odor Threshold: N.A.
Odor Description: N.A.
pH: N.A.
Water Solubility: N.A.
Flammability: N/A
Flash Point: >170 °F
Viscosity: N.A.
Lower Explosion Level: N.A.
Upper Explosion Level: N.A.
Vapor Pressure: N.A.
Vapor Density: N.A.
Melting Point: N.A.
Freezing Point: N.A.
Low Boiling Point: N.A.
High Boiling Point: N.A.
Decomposition Pt: N.A.
Auto Ignition Temp: N.A.
Evaporation Rate: N.A.
VOC Composite Partial Pressure: N.A.

Section 10 ~ Stability and Reactivity

Stability: The product is stable under normal storage conditions.
Conditions to Avoid: None.
Incompatible Materials: None known.
Hazardous Reactions/Polymerization: Will not occur.
Hazardous Decomposition Products: None known.

Section 11 ~ Toxicological Information

Skin Corrosion/Irritation: Causes skin irritation
Likely Route of Exposure: Inhalation, ingestion, skin absorption.
Serious Eye Damage/Irritation
64742-47-8 ISOPARAFFINIC PETROLEUM DISTILLATE
The vapor is mildly irritating to the eyes.
Carcinogenicity: No data available.
Germ Cell Mutagenicity: No data available.
Reproductive Toxicity: No data available.
Respiratory/Skin Sensitization
64742-47-8 ISOPARAFFINIC PETROLEUM DISTILLATE
The substance defats the skin, which may cause dryness or cracking.
Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure
May cause drowsiness or dizziness
64742-47-8 ISOPARAFFINIC PETROLEUM DISTILLATE
May cause effects on the central nervous system.
Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Repeated Exposure: No data available.
Aspiration Hazard
May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways
8042-47-5 MINERAL OIL
If this liquid is swallowed, aspiration into the lungs may result in chemical pneumonitis.
Acute Toxicity
8042-47-5 MINERAL OIL
LD50 (Rat, oral): > 5000 mg/kg, Reference: REACH registration Dossier.
64742-47-8 ISOPARAFFINIC PETROLEUM DISTILLATE
If swallowed, can easily enter the airways and could result in aspiration pneumonitis. Inhalation of high concentrations may cause dizziness, anesthesia, unconsciousness.

Likely Routes of Exposure
64742-47-8 ISOPARAFFINIC PETROLEUM DISTILLATE
The substance can be absorbed into the body by inhalation of its vapor and by ingestion.

Section 12 ~ Ecological Information

Toxicity: No data available.
Persistence and Degradability
8042-47-5 MINERAL OIL
Inherently biodegradable, but not readily biodegradable.
64742-47-8 ISOPARAFFINIC PETROLEUM DISTILLATE
Expected to be inherently biodegradable. The volatile constituents will oxidize rapidly by photochemical reactions in air.
Bio-Accumulative Potential: No data available.
Mobility in Soil:
64742-47-8 ISOPARAFFINIC PETROLEUM DISTILLATE
Floats on water. Contains volatile constituents. Evaporates within a day from water or soil surfaces. Large volumes may penetrate soil and could contaminate groundwater.
Other Adverse Effects: No data available.
Results of the PBT and vPvB assessment
8042-47-5 MINERAL OIL
This substance is not PBT/vPvB

Section 13 ~ Disposal Considerations

Waste Disposal: Under RCRA, it is the responsibility of the user of the product, to determine at the time of disposal whether the product meets RCRA criteria for hazardous waste. Waste management should be in full compliance with federal, state, and local laws. Empty containers retain product residue which may exhibit hazards of material, therefore do not pressurize, cut, glaze, weld or use for any other purposes. Return drums to reclamation centers for proper cleaning and reuse.

Section 14 ~ Transportation Information

U.S. DOT Information: Not regulated.	**IMDG Information:** Not regulated.	**IATA Information:** Not regulated.

Section 15 ~ Regulatory Information

Chemical Name	CAS number	% by wt.	Regulation List
ISOPARAFFINIC PETROLEUM DISTILLATE	64742-47-8	50 – 75%	SARA312, VOC, TSCA, ACGIH, OSHA
MINERAL OIL	8042-47-5	15 – 30%	SARA312, TSCA, ACGIH
Technical grade d-Limonene	94266-47-4	0.1 – 3%	SARA312, VOC
Oils, orange, sweet	8008-57-9	0.1 – 1%	SARA312, TSCA
Oils, tangerine	8016-85-1	0.01 – 1%	SARA312, TSCA
Cyclopentaneacetic acid, 3-oxo-2-pentyl-, methyl ester	24851-98-7	Trace	SARA312, TSCA
Decanal	112-31-2	Trace	SARA312, TSCA
Octanal	124-13-0	Trace	SARA312, VOC, TSCA
1,6-Octadien-3-ol, 3,7-dimethyl-	78-70-6	Trace	SARA312, TSCA
Benzoic acid, 2-amino-, methyl ester	134-20-3	Trace	SARA312, TSCA
Benzene, 1-methoxy-4-(1-propen-1-yl)-	104-46-1	Trace	SARA312, TSCA
2-Buten-1-one, 1-(2,6,6-trimethyl-2- cyclohexen-1-yl)-, (2E)-	24720-09-0	Trace	SARA312, TSCA

Section 16 ~ Other Information

Glossary: ACGIH- American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists; ANSI- American National Standards Institute; Canadian TDGCanadian Transportation of Dangerous Goods; CAS- Chemical Abstract Service; Chemtrec- Chemical Transportation Emergency Center (US); CHIP- Chemical Hazard Information and Packaging; DSL- Domestic Substances List; EC- Equivalent Concentration; EH40 (UK)- HSE Guidance Note EH40 Occupational Exposure Limits; EPCRA- Emergency Planning and Community Right-To-Know Act; ESL- Effects screening levels; HMIS- Hazardous Material Information Service; LC- Lethal Concentration; LD- Lethal Dose; NFPA- National Fire Protection Association; OEL- Occupational Exposure Limits; OSHA- Occupational Safety and Health Administration, US Department of Labor; PEL- Permissible Exposure Limit; SARA (Title III)- Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act; SARA 313- Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act, Section 313; SCBA- Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus; STEL- Short Term Exposure Limit; TCEQ- Texas Commission on Environmental Quality; TLV- Threshold Limit Value; TSCA- Toxic Substances Control Act Public Law 94- 469; TWA- Time Weighted Value; US DOT- US Department of Transportation; WHMIS- Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System.

	NFPA	HMIS	Key
HEALTH	1	1	4= Severe
FLAMMABILITY	2	2	3= Serious
REACTIVITY	0	0	2= Moderate
OTHER/PROTECTION	-	B	1= Slight
			0= Minimal

(*) - Chronic effects
Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks