

## Section 1 ~ Identification

<b>Identity (As Used On Label and List)</b> <b>A1050 BATTERY CLEANER A</b>	<b>Date Prepared:</b> 06/22/23
<b>Company Information:</b> OMEGA INDUSTRIAL SUPPLY, INC	<b>Emergency Telephone Number:</b> 1-800-424-9300
<b>Address (Number, Street, Suite/Apt#)</b> 1133 WEST 27 <sup>TH</sup> STREET	<b>Telephone Number for Information:</b> 1-800-571-7347
<b>(City, State, and Zip Code)</b> CHEYENNE, WY 82001	<b>Signature of Prepare (Optional)</b> REGULATORY DEPT.

## Section 2 ~ Hazard(s) Identification

**Classifications** Gases Under Pressure - Liquefied Gas  
Eye Irritation - Category 2

### Label Elements



**Signal Word:** WARNING

### Hazard Statement

Hazardous Statements - Physical  
H280 - Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.  
Hazardous Statements - Health  
H319 - Causes serious eye irritation.

### Precautionary Statement

Precautionary Statements - General  
P101 - If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.  
P102 - Keep out of reach of children.  
P103 - Read label before use.  
Precautionary Statements - Prevention  
P264 - Wash hands thoroughly after handling.  
P280 - Wear eye protection and face protection.  
Precautionary Statements - Response  
P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes.  
Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.  
P337 + P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention.  
Precautionary Statements - Storage  
P410 - Protect from sunlight.  
P403 - Store in a well-ventilated place.  
Precautionary Statements - Disposal  
No precautionary statement available.

### Other Hazards

N/A

### Unknown acute toxicity (GHS US)

N/A

## Section 3 ~ Composition/Information on Ingredients

<u>CAS</u>	<u>Chemical Name</u>	<u>% By Weight</u>
0068476-86-8	Petroleum gases, liquefied, sweetened	3% - 7%
0068439-46-3	Ethoxylated alcohols (C9 - C11)	1.1% - 2%

Specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage (concentration) of the composition has been withheld to protect confidentiality.

## Section 4 ~ First Aid Measures

### Inhalation

Remove source of exposure or move person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

If exposed/feel unwell/concerned: Get medical attention.

Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so.

### Eye Contact

Remove source of exposure or move person to fresh air. Rinse eyes cautiously with lukewarm, gently flowing water for several minutes, while holding the eyelids open.

Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing for a duration of 15-20 minutes. Take care not to rinse contaminated water into the unaffected eye or onto the face. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

### Skin Contact

Take off contaminated clothing, shoes and leather goods (e.g. watchbands, belts). Wash with plenty of lukewarm, gently flowing water for a duration of 15-20 minutes.

If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

### Ingestion

Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. Do NOT induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs naturally, lie on your side, in the recovery position.

### Most Important Symptoms/Effects, Acute and Delayed

No data available.

### Indication of Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment Needed

No data available.

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## Section 5 ~ Firefighting Measures

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### Suitable Extinguishing Media

Dry chemical, foam, carbon dioxide. Water spray may be useful in minimizing or dispersing vapors and to protect personnel. Carbon dioxide can displace oxygen. Use caution when applying carbon dioxide in confined spaces. Simultaneous use of foam and water on the same surface is to be avoided as water destroys the foam. Sand or earth may be used for small fires only. Do not direct a solid stream of water or foam into hot, burning pools. This may result in frothing and increased fire intensity.

### Unsuitable Extinguishing Media

No data available.

### Specific Hazards in Case of Fire

Contents under pressure. Keep away from ignition sources and open flames. Exposure of containers to extreme heat and flames can cause them to rupture often with violent force. Product is highly flammable and forms explosive mixtures with air, oxygen, and all oxidizing agents. Vapors are heavier than air and may travel along surfaces to remote ignition sources and flash back.

During a fire, irritating and highly toxic gases may be generated during combustion or decomposition. High temperatures can cause sealed containers to rupture due to a build up of internal pressures. Cool with water.

Empty Containers retain product residue which may exhibit hazards of material; therefore do not pressurize, cut, glaze, weld or use for any other purposes.

Container could potentially burst or be punctured upon mechanical impact, releasing flammable vapors.

### Fire-Fighting Procedures

Dispose of fire debris and contaminated extinguishing water in accordance with official regulations.

Isolate immediate hazard area and keep unauthorized personnel out. Stop spill/release if it can be done safely. Move undamaged containers from immediate hazard area if it can be done safely. Water spray may be useful in minimizing or dispersing vapors and to protect personnel. Water may be ineffective but can be used to cool containers exposed to heat or flame. Caution should be exercised when using water or foam as frothing may occur, especially if sprayed into containers of hot, burning liquid.

### Special Protective Actions

Wear protective pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and full turnout gear.

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## Section 6 ~ Accidental Release Measures

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### Emergency Procedure

ELIMINATE all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks or flames in immediate area). Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Isolate hazard area and keep unnecessary people away. Remove all possible sources of ignition in the surrounding area. Notify authorities if any exposure to the general public or the environment occurs or is likely to occur.

If spilled material is cleaned up using a regulated solvent, the resulting waste mixture may be regulated.

### Recommended Equipment

Wear liquid tight chemical protective clothing in combination with positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA).

### Personal Precautions

Avoid breathing vapor. Avoid contact with skin, eye or clothing. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled materials unless wearing appropriate protective clothing.

### Environmental Precautions

Stop spill/release if it can be done safely. Prevent spilled material from entering sewers, storm drains, other unauthorized drainage systems and natural waterways by using sand, earth, or other appropriate barriers.

### Methods and Materials for Containment and Cleaning up

Absorb liquids in vermiculite, dry sand, earth, or similar inert material and deposit in sealed containers for disposal.

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## Section 7 ~ Handling and Storage

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### General

Do not puncture or incinerate (burn) cans. Do not stick pins, nails, or any other sharp objects into opening on top of can. Do not spray in eyes. Do not take internally.

### Ventilation Requirements

Use in a well-ventilated place.

### Storage Room Requirements

Store and use in a cool, dry, well-ventilated area. Do not store above 120°F. See product label for additional information.

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## Section 8 ~ Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

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### Eye Protection

Wear safety glasses with side shields. Eyewash stations and showers should be available in areas where this material is used and stored.

### Skin Protection

Use solvent-resistant protective gloves for prolonged or repeated contact.

### Respiratory Protection

In restricted areas, use approved chemical/mechanical filters designed to remove a combination of particles and vapor. In confined areas, use an approved air line respirator or hood. A self-contained breathing apparatus is required for vapor concentrations above PEL/TLV limits.

### Appropriate Engineering Controls

Ventilation should be sufficient to prevent inhalation of any vapors.

Chemical Name	OSHA TWA (mg/m3)	OSHA TWA (ppm)	OSHA STEL (mg/m3)	OSHA STEL (ppm)	OSHA Carcinogen	OSHA Skin designation	OSHA Tables (Z1, Z2, Z3)	ACGIH TWA (mg/m3)
Petroleum gases, liquefied, sweetened	2000	500					1	

Chemical Name	ACGIH TWA (ppm)	ACGIH STEL (mg/m3)	ACGIH STEL (ppm)	ACGIH Carcinogen	ACGIH TLV Basis	ACGIH Notations	NIOSH TWA (mg/m3)	NIOSH TWA (ppm)
Petroleum gases, liquefied, sweetened								

Chemical Name	NIOSH STEL (mg/m3)	NIOSH STEL (ppm)	NIOSH Carcinogen
Petroleum gases, liquefied, sweetened			

(IFV) - Inhalable fraction and vapor, A3 - Confirmed Animal Carcinogen with Unknown Relevance to Humans, dam - Damage, irr - Irritation

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## Section 9 ~ Physical and Chemical Properties

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Density	7.87 lb/gal
Density VOC	0.47 lb/gal
% VOC	6.00%
Appearance	Yellow foam
Odor Threshold	N.A.
Odor Description	Odorless
Ph	N.A.
Water Solubility	N.A.
Flammability	N.A.
Flash Point Symbol	N.A.
Flash Point	147°C
Viscosity	N.A.
Lower Explosion Level	N.A.
Upper Explosion Level	N.A.
Vapor Density	N.A.
Melting Point	N.A.
Freezing Point	N.A.
Low Boiling Point	N.A.
High Boiling Point	N.A.
Decomposition Pt	N.A.
Auto Ignition Temp	N.A.
Evaporation Rate	Slower than ether

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## Section 10 ~ Stability and Reactivity

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### Stability

The product is stable under normal storage conditions.

### Conditions to Avoid

Avoid heat, sparks, flame, high temperature and contact with incompatible materials. Dropping containers may cause bursting.

### Incompatible Materials

Avoid strong oxidizers, reducers, acids, and alkalis.

### Hazardous Reactions/Polymerization

Will not occur.

### Hazardous Decomposition Products

No data available.

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## Section 11 ~ Toxicological Information

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### Skin Corrosion/Irritation

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### Likely Route of Exposure

Inhalation, ingestion, skin absorption.

### Serious Eye Damage/Irritation

Causes serious eye irritation.

**Carcinogenicity**

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

**Germ Cell Mutagenicity**

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

**Reproductive Toxicity**

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

**Respiratory/Skin Sensitization**

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

**Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure**

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

**Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Repeated Exposure**

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

**Aspiration Hazard**

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

**Acute Toxicity**

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

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**Section 12 ~ Ecological Information**


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**Toxicity**

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

**Persistence and Degradability**

No data available.

**Bio-Accumulative Potential**

No data available.

**Mobility in Soil**

No data available.

**Other Adverse Effects**

No data available.

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**Section 13 ~ Disposal Considerations**


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**Waste Disposal**

Under RCRA, it is the responsibility of the user of the product, to determine at the time of disposal whether the product meets RCRA criteria for hazardous waste. Waste management should be in full compliance with federal, state, and local laws. Empty containers retain product residue which may exhibit hazards of material, therefore do not pressurize, cut, glaze, weld or use for any other purposes. Return drums to reclamation centers for proper cleaning and reuse.

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**Section 14 ~ Transportation Information**


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	U.S. DOT Information	IMDG Information	IATA Information
UN number:	UN1950	UN1950	UN1950
Proper shipping name:	Aerosols	Aerosols	Aerosols, non-flammable
Hazard class:	2.2	2.2	2.2
Packaging group:	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
Hazardous substance (RQ):	No Data Available		
Marine Pollutant:	No Data Available	No Data Available	
Note / Special Provision:	(LTD QTY)	(LTD QTY)	(LTD QTY)
Toxic-Inhalation Hazard:	No Data Available		

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**Section 15 ~ Regulatory Information**


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**CAS**

0068476-86-8  
0068439-46-3  
0000111-42-2

**Chemical Name**

Petroleum gases, liquefied, sweetened  
ETHOXYLATED ALCOHOLS (C9-11)  
DIETHANOLAMINE

**% By Weight**

3% - 7%  
1.1% - 2%  
Trace

**Regulation List**

SARA312, TSCA, OSHA  
SARA312, TSCA  
SARA313, CERCLA, HAPS,  
SARA312, VHAPS, VOC, TSCA,  
ACGIH, California Proposition 65 Cancer

**Section 16 ~ Other Information****Glossary**

ACGIH- American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists; ANSI- American National Standards Institute; Canadian TDG-Canadian Transportation of Dangerous Goods; CAS- Chemical Abstract Service; Chemtrec- Chemical Transportation Emergency Center (US); CHIP- Chemical Hazard Information and Packaging; DSL- Domestic Substances List; EC- Equivalent Concentration; EH40 (UK)-HSE Guidance Note EH40 Occupational Exposure Limits; EPCRA- Emergency Planning and Community Right-To-Know Act; ESL- Effects screening levels; HMIS- Hazardous Material Information Service; LC- Lethal Concentration; LD- Lethal Dose; NFPA- National Fire Protection Association; OEL- Occupational Exposure Limits; OSHA- Occupational Safety and Health Administration, US Department of Labor; PEL- Permissible Exposure Limit; SARA (Title III)- Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act; SARA 313- Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act, Section 313; SCBA- Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus; STEL- Short Term Exposure Limit; TCEQ- Texas Commission on Environmental Quality; TLV- Threshold Limit Value; TSCA- Toxic Substances Control Act Public Law 94-469; TWA- Time Weighted Value; US DOT- US Department of Transportation; WHMIS- Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System.

	NFPA	HMIS	Key
HEALTH	2	2	4= Severe
FLAMMABILITY	2	2	3= Serious
REACTIVITY	0		2= Moderate
PHYSICAL HAZARD		0	1= Slight
PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT		B	0= Minimal

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**End of Safety Data Sheet**